

P.P.P.

CURES SYPHILIS

Physicians endorse P. P. P. as a splendid combination, and prescribe it with great success for the cure of all forms and stages of Syphilis, Secondary and Tertiary.

P.P.P. CURES SCROFULA

Syphilis, Syphilitic Rheumatism, Scrofulous Ulcers and Eruptions, Glanular Swellings, Rheumatism, Malaria, old Chronic Ulcers that have resisted all treatment. Cures.

P.P.P. CURES BLOOD POISON

Old Ulcers, Eruptions, Chronic Female Complaints, Neuronal Poison, Tetters, Scald Head, etc.

P.P.P. CURES RHEUMATISM

Building up the system rapidly. Ladies whose systems are poisoned and whose blood is in an impure condition due to menstrual irregularities are cured.

P.P.P. CURES MALARIA

Physicians insist that the wonderful blood and blood cleansing properties of P. P. P., Prickly Ash, Figs and Potatoes.

P.P.P. CURES DYSPEPSIA

Lippman Bros., Proprietors, Druggists, Lippman's Block, SAVANNAH, GA.

FOR COUGHS, CRUP AND CONSUMPTION USE TAYLOR'S

CHEROKEE REMEDY



OF SWEET GUM AND MULLEIN.

The sweet gum, as gathered from a tree of the same name, growing along the small streams in the Southern States, contains a stimulating expectorant principle that loosens the phlegm, producing the early morning cough, and stimulates the child to throw off the false membrane in croup and whooping-cough. When combined with the healing, mucilaginous principle in the mullein plant of the old fields, presents in TAYLOR'S CHEROKEE REMEDY a powerful and reliable remedy for the treatment of Coughs, Croup, Whooping-cough, and all pulmonary affections, and is a powerful and reliable remedy for the treatment of Coughs, Croup, Whooping-cough, and all pulmonary affections.

W. E. KYLE, 222 N. 10th St., Atlanta, Ga.



A pamphlet of information and abstract of the laws, showing how to Obtain Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., sent free on request to MUNN & CO., 351 Broadway, New York.

JOHN SINGER

Other companies charge from \$10 to \$50. A complete set of attachments with each machine. Also Johnson Sewing Machine, and box of Four Johnsons and a Finder. 15 DAYS TRIAL in your own home before you pay one cent. Every machine Warranted for 3 years.

G. A. WOOD COMPANY, 17 North 10th St., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR THE BLOOD, Weakness, Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness, take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It cures quickly. For sale by all dealers in medicine. Get the genuine.

Barbarous Democracy.

Governor Northern, of Georgia, in a recent speech, gave utterance to the following inhuman, barbarous utterances, which cannot be read without a shudder of horror. Listen to what he says:

"Strike your wife," who in her youth gave you her warmest affection. "Strike your wife," who has been your nurse through every hour of sickness and your comfort and joy through every hour of health. "Strike your wife," who has shared with you every moment of poverty and distress, and who, if you have reached comfort and independence, helped you to reach it and helped you to enjoy it.

Strike this faithful, tender, pure and loyal woman—strike her as a brute beast would be ashamed to strike—but don't you strike the dear, old Democratic party.

But that is not the worst of it. What else did he say in that speech? "Strike your child, which to-night will kneel at its mother's knee, robed in white, lisping the prayer of infancy. 'Now I lay me down to sleep.'"

"Yes, strike your child"—innocent, pure and loving. Not only that! strike her as she's clothed in white, typical of the unblemished sinlessness of her being.

Concerning which the Gallilean said, "of such are the Kingdom of Heaven." Not only that, strike her as she kneels at her mother's knee as the evening quiet shadows gather about the old homestead and the quiet stars begin to look through the tree tops where the katydids are singing. Not only that, strike her as she opens her sweet lips in that first prayer of childhood—"Now I lay me down to sleep."

Strike her as her tender mind communes with the good God under her mother's saintly teachings. Kneeling at that mother's knee robed in white, the most innocent, touching and endearing scene in all the domestic life of the sons of men.

Yes, strike her; strike the praying lips into silence heartlessly with the malice and callousness of a very devil. Yes, do all this, "but don't strike the dear old Democratic party."

These are the sentiments of the present governor of Georgia. This is the inhuman, blasphemous advice of the chief executive of that State to the people over which he is called to administer the laws. Is there any crime in the calendar that he does not advise being committed in defense of the continuation of the reign of Democracy? If there is, it is too brutal to mention. Yet this man passes for a Christian instead of a heathen. He is said to go in prayer to the same God with civilized humanity, instead of worshipping stocks and stones as his own brutal instincts would determine. The evidence is both complete and conclusive, that the Democracy of Georgia planned the outrage on Gen. Weaver and are now gloating over the result. Let every one remember that this infamy was consummated in the State that made itself glorious by giving to the country the gigantic intellect of Alexander H. Stevens, the brave, brainy, intrepid Ben. Hill, and the loving, sympathetic and adored Henry Grady. Had this stain upon the fair name of Georgia occurred during their time, how different would have been its consideration. Mr. Stephens would have hurled his withering philippics at the offenders with such force as to arouse the best element in the State to a swift and sure defense of its name and honor.

Were fearless Ben. Hill alive the streets in every town in which Gen. Weaver was killed to speak would have been reddened with blood or he would have been accorded a respectful hearing. And Henry Grady, genial, kindly and grand, he who gave up his own life to wipe out this sectional hatred; he who believed in the brother-

hood of God and the brotherhood of man, whose name is a synonym for all that is good, noble and generous, what would he do if he were alive to-day? His great heart would break, and he would go down in despair at the failure of all his sacrifices, hard labor and past efforts. Let the people of Georgia wipe from their past history the lustre given it by Mr. Stephens. Let them erase from the annals of their greatness the name of the gifted and chivalrous Ben. Hill. Let Speaker Crisp resign his high position, let them pull down the loving tributes erected to the memory of Grady, and let them hang out the black flag of barbarism and to proclaim to the world that in Georgia civilization has begun to retrograde and humanity is rapidly being eliminated.—National Watchman.

A Free Country.

Is this a free country? Then why has not every intelligent free man a right to his own opinion? Upon what grounds do the different political parties abuse each other, calling their neighbors and sometimes their kinsmen by the most degraded names, wishing that all such were dead and in hell, because they chose to vote according to their own judgment? Has not my neighbor as good common sense as I? Does he not know that a vote which in its result would injure me, would also injure him? Is he not a reasonable man in his business relations with his neighbors; and do not the members of his church believe him to be a gentleman and a Christian? Then who has constituted you a "dictator," and put other people as good, and often times much better than yourself morally, under your dictatorial commands?

Again, what propriety or common sense is there in calling up the early records of candidates, making them accountable for acts for which they may have repented long ago and God has forgiven them; holding up the little mistakes of youth, or the erratic conduct of young life, so that the character of good, Christian men now in the church and service of God are punctured, peeled and riddled and torn to shreds like the blades of a corn field after a heavy hail storm? Take care brother; your character, if judged in the same manner, would look like the Irishman's bird after he had shot all the "fithers" away. All this, too, because your neighbor wants to exercise his God-given right of a free man, and cannot see as you do! Is it not possible that your eyes may be so blinded by party prejudice that you do not see aright? If you honestly think your neighbor is wrong; tell him so in a Christian spirit; but you have no right to abuse him, calling him a "fool," a "devil," and wishing him "in hell" because he can't see as you do.—B. L. Abernathy in the Christian Advocate.

Bimetallism.

Notwithstanding the fact that 24 States in the Union declared for free and unlimited coinage of silver in their platforms in 1890, there are some to-day who say that free and unrestricted coinage of silver will not be of any benefit.

This is singular when the sentiment in favor of it was so strong two years ago. And it is wonderfully strange how these States, representing three-fourths of the Union, could have gone so far wrong. Each State in its platform generally, presents the needs of the people, and seeks to give the remedy. A change of present financial system was desired and along with the demand for free and unlimited coinage of silver was a demand by some of the States for the abolition of National banks—and allowing the Government only to issue the money.

This was in harmony with the true principles of Democracy. It meant that the affairs of the Nation should be managed by the Government itself—that no corporations, combinations or individuals should conduct its affairs.

All of the eminent statesmen and apostles of Democracy, such as Jefferson, Jackson and others, contended that the issuing of the money of this country should be kept out of the hands of individuals, corporations or combinations. They maintained that great danger lurked in the issuance of a nation's currency by a corporation.

The party to-day would not be recognized by Jefferson, Jackson and others. It has been swept from its moorings. It has departed from the fundamental principles and teachings as formulated by those immortal patriots. Obedience to the money powers and cringing at their feet are characteristic to-day. The rule of the people is crushed out.

The fact that the free coinage issue was so soon dropped out of discussion is an evidence of this.

What the masses want is a maintenance of the parity between gold and silver at a ratio of 16 to 1. They do not want a silver dollar as big as a cart wheel. They want silver restored to a parity with gold—a position it held for years until it was fraudulently demoneytized. When free coinage is denied silver it is natural that it would depreciate. If gold were demonetized to-day it would immediately sink in value.

The American Cyclopaedia says: "Demoneytize the precious metals and a laborer would no longer give a week's work for a bit of gold and silver, which he could do nothing with except to give his wife as an ornament. Men would no longer consent to be paid in bits of metal which no grocer, or butcher, or tailor would accept in exchange for goods."

The Cincinnati Enquirer says: "The Enquirer would have it distinctly understood that it is decidedly and uncompromisingly in favor of the full restoration of silver at its old ratio with gold, whatever may be the result of the International Monetary Conference, and that it is opposed to all banks of issue, whether chartered by the States or the Federal Government. Paper money is a necessity, and only the Federal Government should supply it. Gold, silver and Treasury notes should constitute our circulating medium, all furnished by the Government, all interchangeable, and a full legal tender in payment of all forms of taxes, duties and debts."—Farmer's Advocate.

Where Powderly Stands.

The old political parties have both undertaken to place Mr. Powderly in an equivocal position so as to mislead the labor organizations. Much valuable space has been devoted to this, only to be dashed to the ground by the following concluding paragraph in his last weekly letter to the Journal of the Knights of Labor. Mr. Powderly says:

Now, let us suppose a case and ask for advice. If instead of electing the President of the United States through the electoral college we decide the contest by popular vote, and the man who had the greatest number of votes would be elected, and if Harrison had one million votes, Cleveland one million votes, and Weaver one million votes, none of them would be elected. Suppose that I had not yet voted and that no one else could vote after me, my vote would decide the issue, would it not? Now, the advice that I ask for is, which of the three should I vote for? I will venture the assertion that a million working men in this United States would make ready to march Scranton to hang me for being a traitor if I did not vote for Weaver. They would be right. I would be a traitor, and I really believe that I should be hanged for not voting for him. I quite agree with the million who would hang me for treason, and they should not refuse to agree with me when I say that each workingman who will not vote for him should be regarded in the same light. Coming as close as one vote is what would cause the one million to make ready to hang me, and it is only fair to presume that among the million there would be some hundreds of thousands, more or less, who did not vote for him themselves. The thought that each vote is required to foot up the grand total does not seem to weigh before election. "Fear of the other fellow" should not influence us, for, no matter which of the two old parties win, we will lose. Without waiting to know how the other millions intend to vote, I have resolved to give mine to Gen. James B. Weaver, and in doing so I will be acting consistently with the instructions given me by the General Assembly, which directed me to assist in framing a "political platform to which we may give our support at the polls."

Subscribe for THE CAUCASIAN, only \$1.00 a year.

Government Ownership of Railroads.

There are 600 railroad corporations in the United States, each of which requires a president, vice-president, and board of managers. The salary of the presidents average \$11,000; vice-presidents, \$4,000, with an average of \$7,000 to pay the managers. Look at these figures:

600 presidents, at \$11,000 each,	\$6,600,000
600 vice-presidents, at \$4,000 each,	2,400,000
Managers for 600 roads, \$7,000 each,	4,200,000
2,000 general passenger agents, \$4,000 each,	8,000,000
1,500 attorneys, at \$3000 each,	4,500,000
3,000 ticket and freight agents, \$1,500 each,	4,500,000

Total salaries of above, \$30,200,000

Now, if the Government owned the railroads, they would all be brought under one system, and the above mentioned gentry would be almost entirely dispensed with, and there would still be enough operatives—not mentioned in the above list, but who at present run the roads under the direction of the above army of officials—to conduct the business without the friction necessary to rival lines, and leave all of the above millions, paid out as salaries to useless officials, in the pockets of the people, by charging less freight and passenger fare.—National Watchman.

SIR HENRY THOMPSON, the noted London physician, says that more than one-half of the diseases of modern life are caused by easily avoidable errors in diet.

It is well known that the drunkard brings his ruin upon himself; but it is startling to be told in effect by so able a physician that, but for our ignorance, it is as much a sin to be ill as to be drunk.

The proprietors of Garfield Tea have been doing missionary work in this field. They include with each of the millions of free samples they yearly distribute, valuable medical essays on the use of hot water as a remedy, and of diet in disease; and with each package of Tea a booklet worth its weight in gold, written by a well-known hygienic physician, residing in New York and London, and a graduate of the New York University Medical College, pointing out a few simple rules whereby all persons of ordinary intelligence are able to conduct an attack of illness without calling a doctor; showing how to get well and keep well, and how to live that no one need long use Garfield Tea or any other medicine. Until then, Garfield Tea helps overcome the evils of bad diet and over-eating.

This booklet also gives the Dr. Salisbury treatment of chopped meat and hot water; also the secret of the success of the milk cure and the grape cure in Europe.

And also, why the great success attending treatment at Carlsbad and other famous health springs; and shows how anyone may substantially get all the good results that come from such health resorts at home, by following the rules plainly set out in the little book.

Why are physicians so much opposed to proprietary medicines? Is it because such notorious articles as Pond's Extract or Garfield Tea become household necessities and enable people to do their own doctoring and so keep money out of the pockets of physicians.

FOR MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

Cures Scatica, Lumbago, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Bites, Bruises, Bunions, Corns, Sprains, Strains, Stitches, Stiff Joints, Backache, Galls, Sores, Swains, Spavin, Cracks.

Contracted Muscles, Eruptions, Hoof Ail, Scum, Worms, Swiney, Saddle Galls, Fles.

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its universal applicability. Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident. The Housewife needs it for general family use. The Cannery needs it for its teams and his men. The Mechanic needs it always on his workbench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency. The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it. The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply aboard and ashore. The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble. The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy. Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages. Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

LADIES Needing a tonic, or children that want building up, should take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. It is pleasant to take, cures Malaria, Indigestion and Biliousness. All dealers keep it.



WILLIAMSON & WELDON

and Branches—Cond. Schedule. TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED	Aug. 7, 1890.	No. 21.	Fast Mail.	Day.
Lv. Wilmington	12:30 p. m.	5:41 p. m.	7:00 a. m.	7:00 a. m.
Ar. Rocky Mt.	1:30 p. m.	6:41 p. m.	8:00 a. m.	8:00 a. m.
Ar. Tarboro	2:15 p. m.	7:26 p. m.	9:00 a. m.	9:00 a. m.
Lv. Tarboro	12:45 p. m.	6:00 p. m.	7:00 p. m.	7:00 p. m.
Ar. Wilson	1:45 p. m.	7:26 p. m.	8:00 p. m.	8:00 p. m.
Ar. Selma	2:30 p. m.	8:11 p. m.	9:00 p. m.	9:00 p. m.
Ar. Fayetteville	3:15 p. m.	8:56 p. m.	10:00 p. m.	10:00 p. m.
Ar. Raleigh	4:00 p. m.	9:41 p. m.	11:00 p. m.	11:00 p. m.
Lv. Raleigh	4:27 p. m.	10:08 p. m.	11:30 p. m.	11:30 p. m.
Ar. Wilmington	5:00 p. m.	10:53 p. m.	12:00 p. m.	12:00 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED	Aug. 7, 1890.	No. 14.	Fast Mail.	Day.
Lv. Wilmington	12:35 a. m.	9:15 a. m.	10:00 a. m.	10:00 a. m.
Lv. Raleigh	1:15 a. m.	9:55 a. m.	10:40 a. m.	10:40 a. m.
Lv. Fayetteville	2:00 a. m.	10:40 a. m.	11:30 a. m.	11:30 a. m.
Lv. Selma	2:45 a. m.	11:25 a. m.	12:20 a. m.	12:20 a. m.
Lv. Wilson	3:30 a. m.	12:10 a. m.	1:10 a. m.	1:10 a. m.
Lv. Tarboro	4:15 a. m.	12:55 a. m.	2:00 a. m.	2:00 a. m.
Lv. Rocky Mt.	5:00 a. m.	1:40 a. m.	2:50 a. m.	2:50 a. m.
Ar. Wilmington	5:45 a. m.	2:25 a. m.	3:40 a. m.	3:40 a. m.

* Daily except Sunday. Train leaves Wilmington at 12:30 p. m., arrives Raleigh at 4:00 p. m., leaves Raleigh at 4:15 p. m., arrives Wilmington at 5:00 p. m. Returning leaves Wilmington at 7:00 a. m., arrives Raleigh at 11:00 a. m., leaves Raleigh at 11:15 a. m., arrives Wilmington at 12:00 p. m.

Trains on Washington branch leave Wilmington at 7:00 a. m., arriving A. & R. Junction at 8:00 a. m., returning leaves A. & R. Junction at 8:15 a. m., arriving Wilmington at 9:00 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Salisbury branch leave Wilmington at 7:00 a. m., arriving Salisbury at 8:00 a. m., returning leaves Salisbury at 8:15 a. m., arriving Wilmington at 9:00 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

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